

# $Z(ee) + \geq n$ Jets Cross Section

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- Overview (Samples, selection criteria, ...)
- Corrections (EM, Trigger, Tracking, ...)
- Data vs MC comparisons
- Cross section unsmearing
- $Z(ee) + \geq n$  Jets cross sections
- Systematics
- Summary

# Samples

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## → Data:

- Lumi = 343 pb<sup>-1</sup>
- Run range: 20 April 2002 - 28 June 2004 (Runs 151,817 - 194,566)
- Pass 2 (T42 enabled)
- JES 5.3
- EM1TRK skim
- Single EM triggers
- Rejecting bad runs (CAL, SMT, CFT, Jet/Met, Lumi)
- Processed with ATHENA (p16-br-03)

## → MC:

- Z/Gamma\* → e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> + X: 400k Pythia
- Zj → eej: 150k Alpgen + Pythia
- Zjj → eejj: 180k Alpgen + Pythia
- Zjjj → eejjj: 15k Alpgen + Pythia
- Processed with ATHENA (p16-br-03)

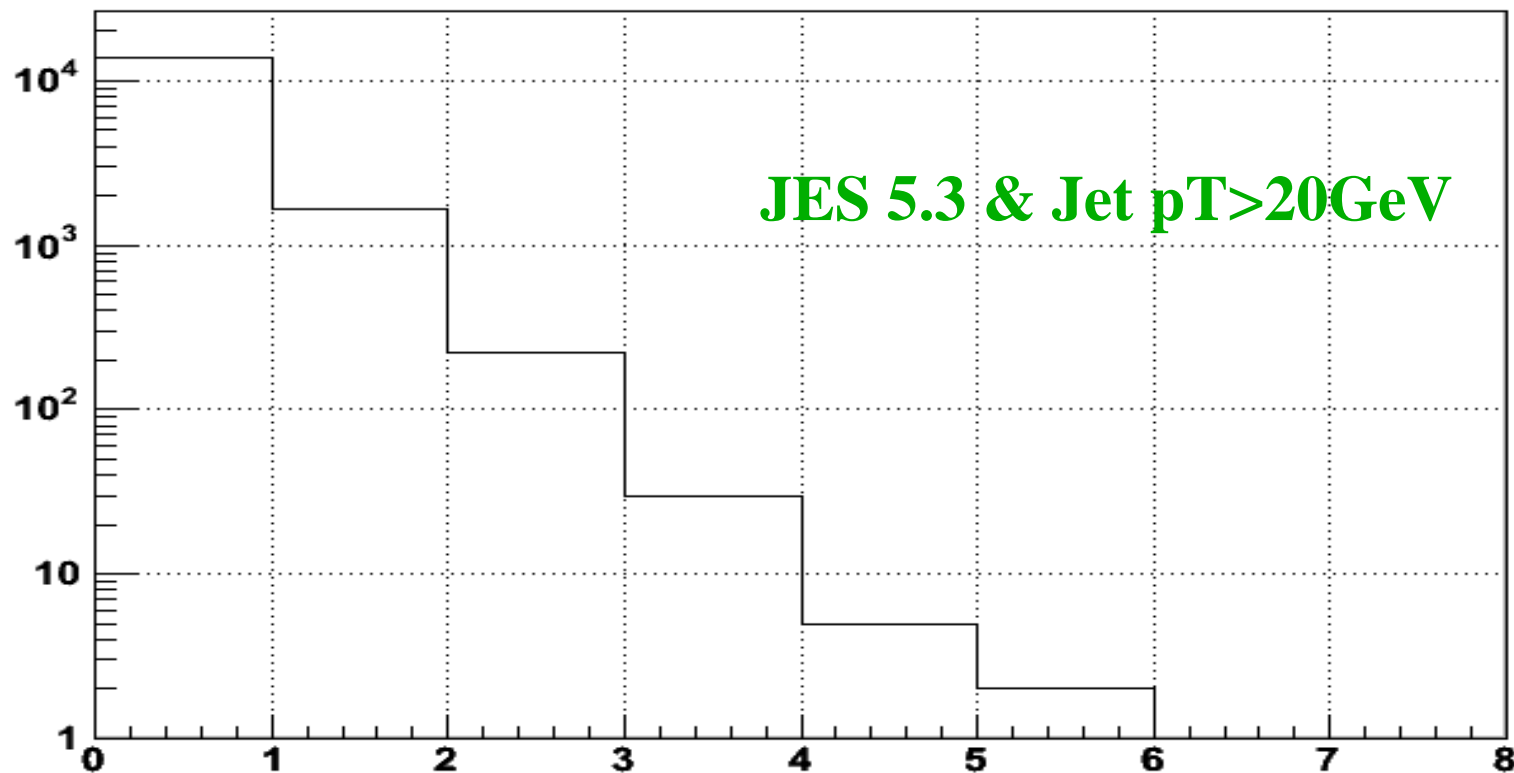
# Selection Criteria

- Removing bad runs/LBNs & duplicate events
- PVX cut:  $|z| < 60\text{cm}$
- Using unprescaled single EM triggers
- Electron selection:
  - $|ID|=10,11$
  - $EMF > 0.9$
  - $Iso < 0.15$
  - $HMx(7) < 12$
  - $p_T > 25\text{GeV}$
  - $|det\_eta| < 1.1$
  - Including phi cracks
- Z selection:
  - $75\text{GeV} < M_{ee} < 105\text{GeV}$
  - At least one track-matched electron
  - At least one electron needs to fire the trigger
- Jet selection:
  - $0.05 < EMF < 0.95$
  - $HotF < 10$
  - $N90 > 1$
  - $CHF < 0.4$
  - L1conf
  - JES corrected  $p_T > 20\text{GeV}$
  - $|phys\_eta| < 2.5$
  - Removal of jets overlapping with electrons from Z within dR of 0.4

# Jet Multiplicities

Inclusive Jet Multiplicities

(Data)



JES 5.3 & Jet  $p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$

Inclusive # of jets	0	1	2	3	4	5
# events (uncorr)	13,893	1,646	219	30	5	2

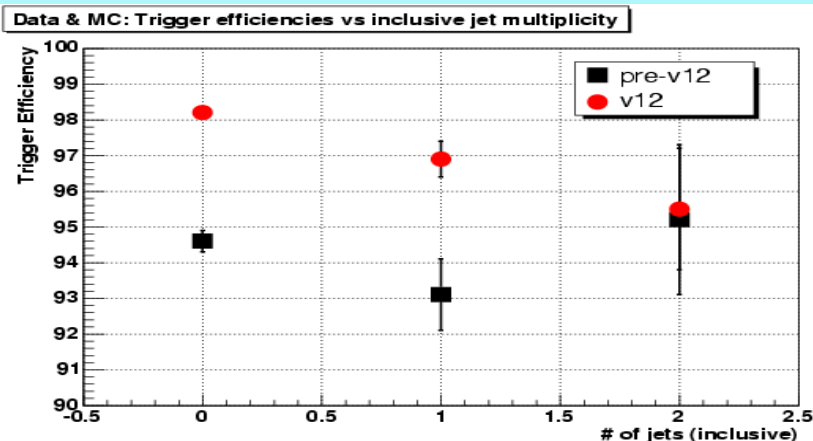
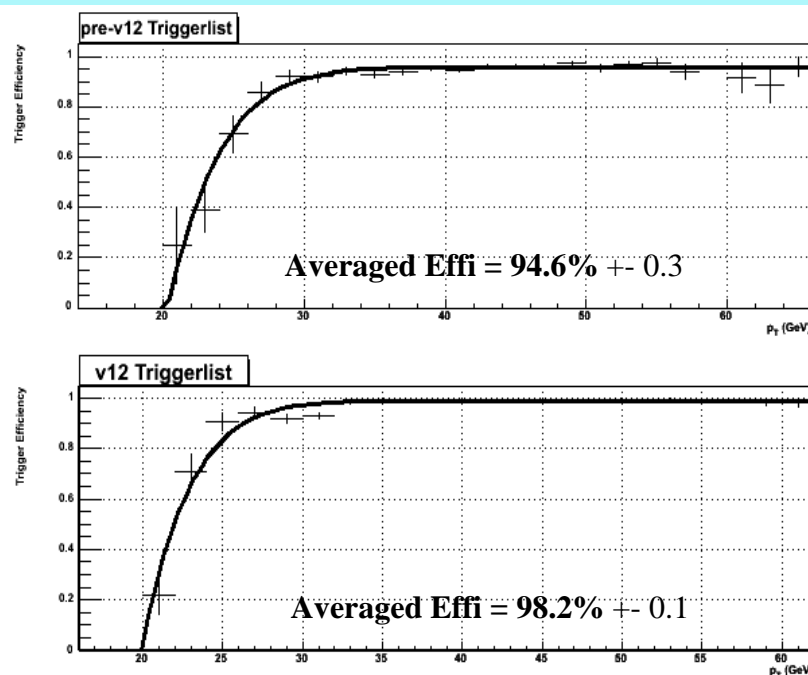
# Corrections

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- Trigger
- EM Reco and ID
- EM-Track Match
- Acceptance
- Jet Reco and ID

# Trigger Correction

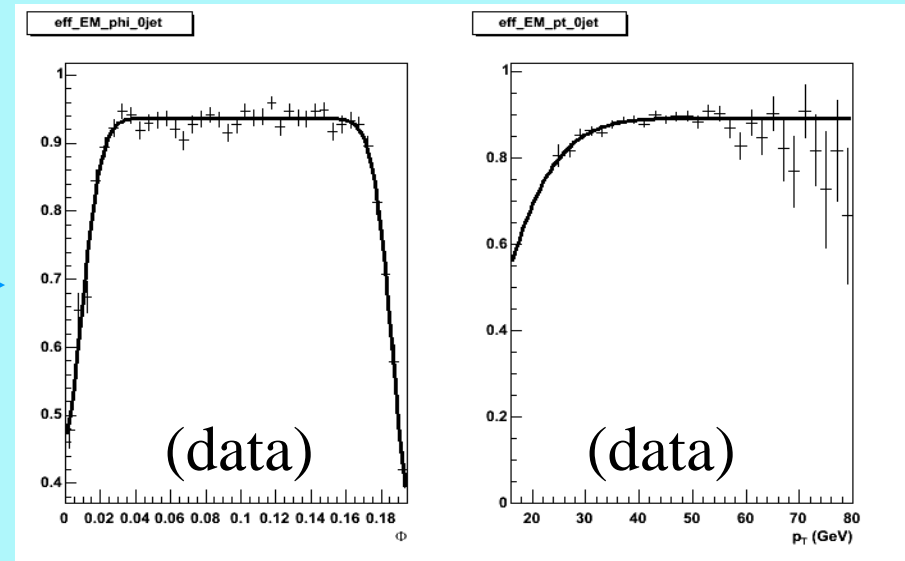
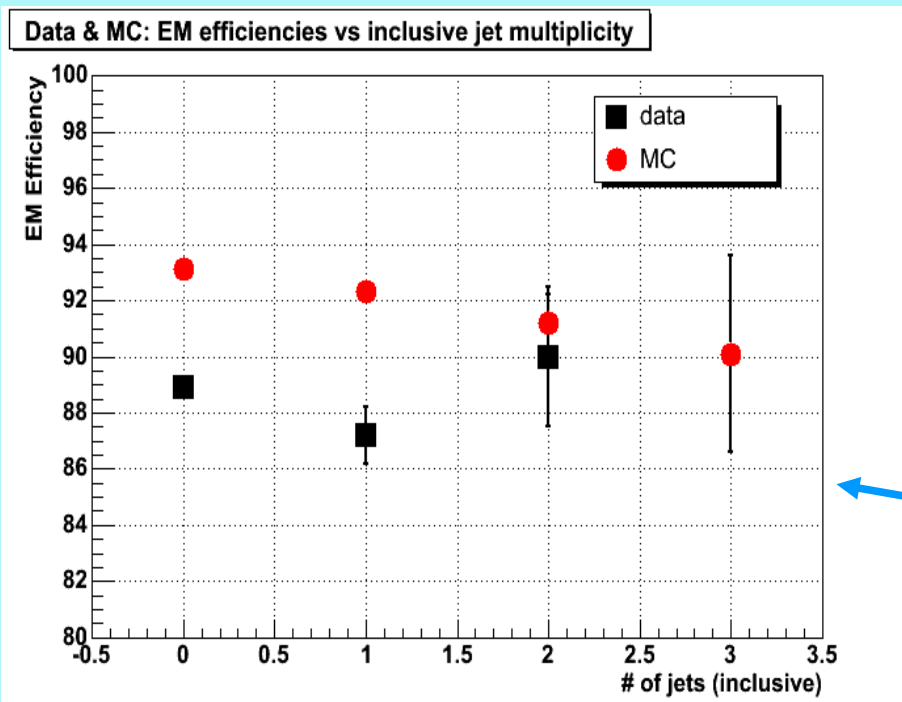
- Method: tag-and-probe method, where the probe electron is tested for matching trigger objects at L1, L2 and L3
- Need to separate trigger efficiencies for pre-v12 and v12 data
- No big variations in overall trigger efficiencies vs jet multiplicity are observed
- Applying trigger efficiency vs pt as corrections (weights) to all jet multiplicity samples



Overall trigger efficiency variation  
VS  
jet multiplicity

# EM Reco/ID Correction

- Using a tag-and-probe method:  
tag = tight electron, probe = track
- We derive parameterized (vs pT and Phi) efficiencies for Z(ee)+X sample



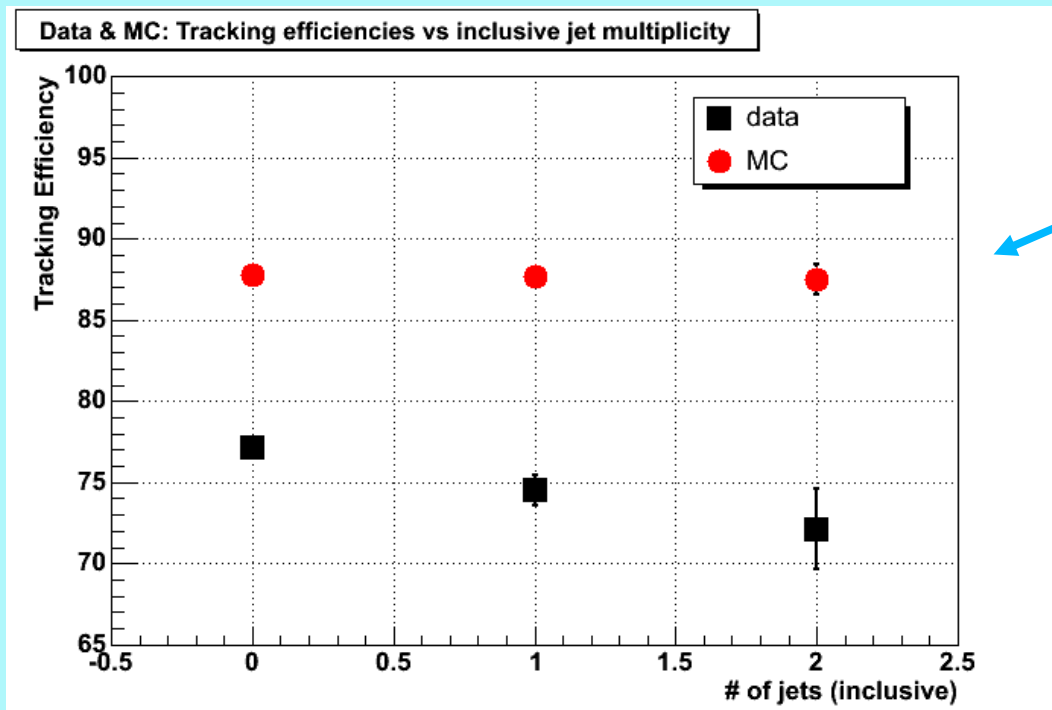
→ We apply the parameterized efficiency curves as corrections (weights) to all jet multiplicity samples in data

# EM-Track Match Correction

→ Method:

- # of signal events in  $M_{ee}$  histogram when requiring 1 track match
- # of signal events in  $M_{ee}$  histogram when requiring 2 track matches
- Take the ratio to get an averaged efficiency

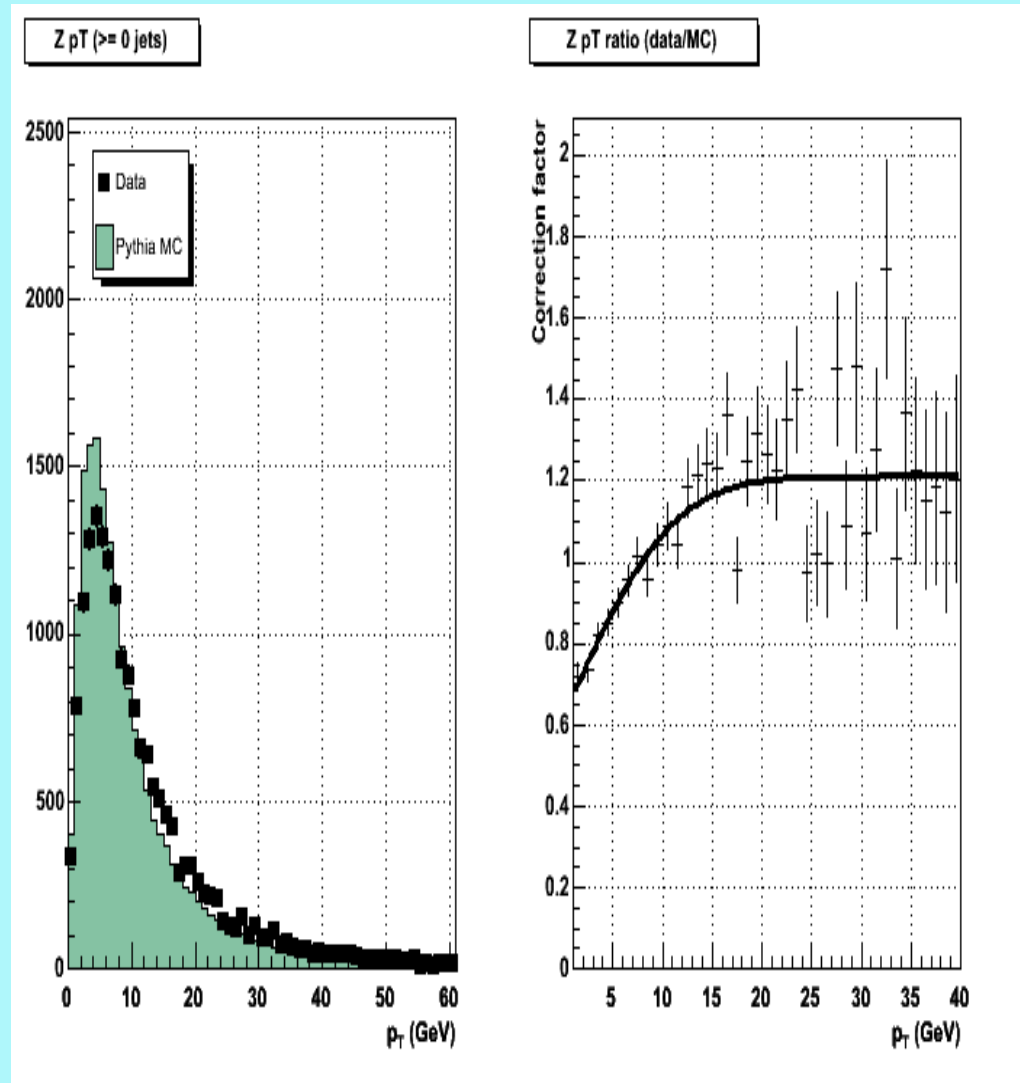
- MC: Applying the averaged efficiency from 0-jet sample as corrections (weights) to all other jet multiplicity samples
- Data: Applying 0-jet, 1-jet, 2-jet values to the respective jet multiplicity samples and using 2-jet values for 3, 4, 5 jet samples





# Z pT Correction

- Needed to adjust Pythia inclusive Z MC to data
- After applying all the previous corrections we compare the Z pT between data and inclusive-Z MC
- We take the ratio of data over MC and apply it as an additional correction to the Pythia MC
- Not needed for Alpgen Z+jets samples



# Acceptance Correction

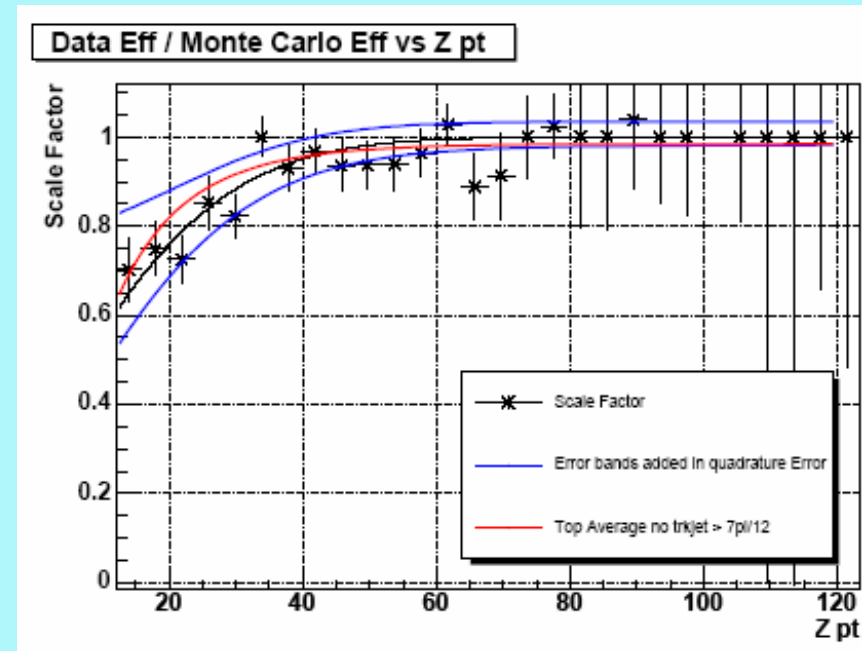
- Kinematic and geometric efficiency for Z's
  - $|PVZ| < 60\text{cm}$
  - 2 electrons with  $pT > 25\text{GeV}$ ,  $|\text{det\_eta}| < 1.1$
  - $75\text{GeV} < M_{ee} < 105\text{GeV}$
- Vs jet multiplicity based on the number of p.l jets with  $pT > 20\text{GeV}$ ,  $\text{det\_eta} < 2.5$

$$\text{Acc} = \frac{\text{\# of CAL Z's with n p.l. Jets (} pT > 20, |\text{eta}| < 2.5 \text{)}}{\text{\# of p.l. Z's with n p.l. jets (} pT > 20, |\text{eta}| < 2.5 \text{)}}$$

Jetmult	Acceptance
0	21.4%±0.1%
1	25.1%±0.2%
2	25.4%±0.2%
3	27.4%±0.3%
4	28.5%±0.7%
5	30.3%±1.9%

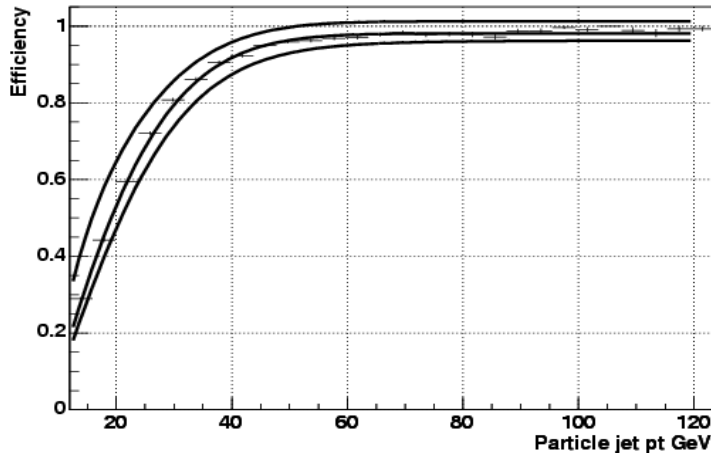
# Jet Reco/ID Correction (1)

- Based on work done by **James Heinmiller**
- Deriving scaling factor using the Z pT method:
  - Looking for a jet recoiling against a Z boson (opposite in Phi)
  - Using Z pT method in both data and MC and taking ratio yields a scaling factor
- Estimating jet reco/ID efficiency in MC:
  - Matching particle level jets with CAL jets ( $\Delta R=0.4$ )
  - Parameterized vs smeared particle jet pT (data resolution smearing)
- We adjust the MC jet reco/ID efficiency with the scaling factor to match the data

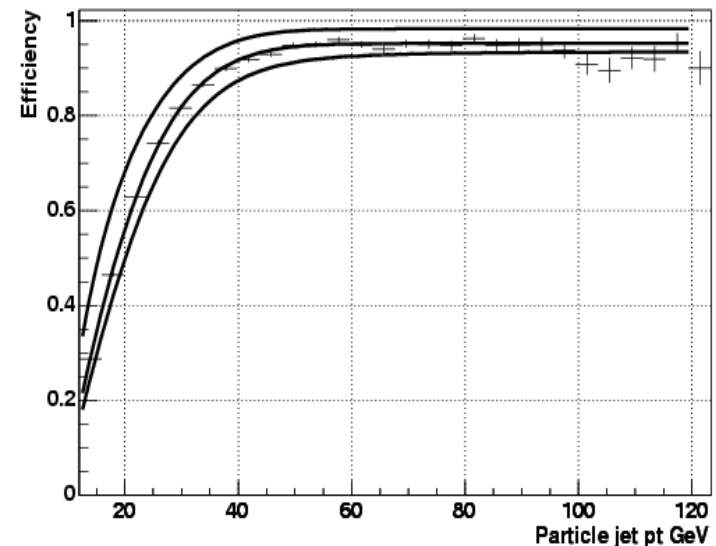


# Jet Reco/ID Correction (2)

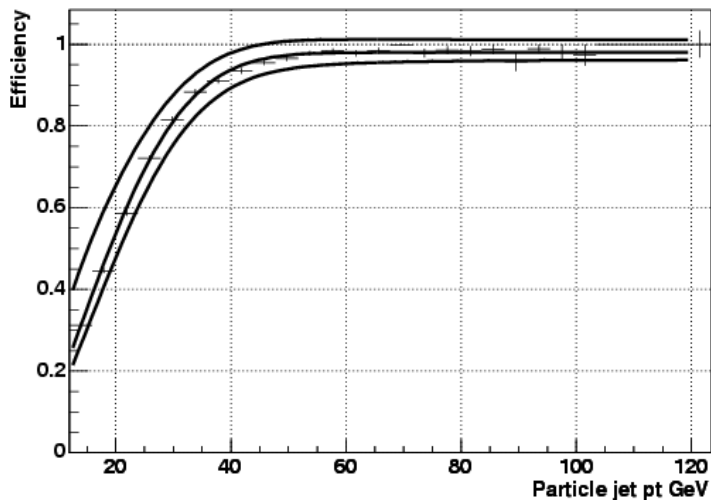
Straight Eff with Scale Factor - Central



Straight Eff with Scale Factor - ICR



Straight Eff with Scale Factor - FWD

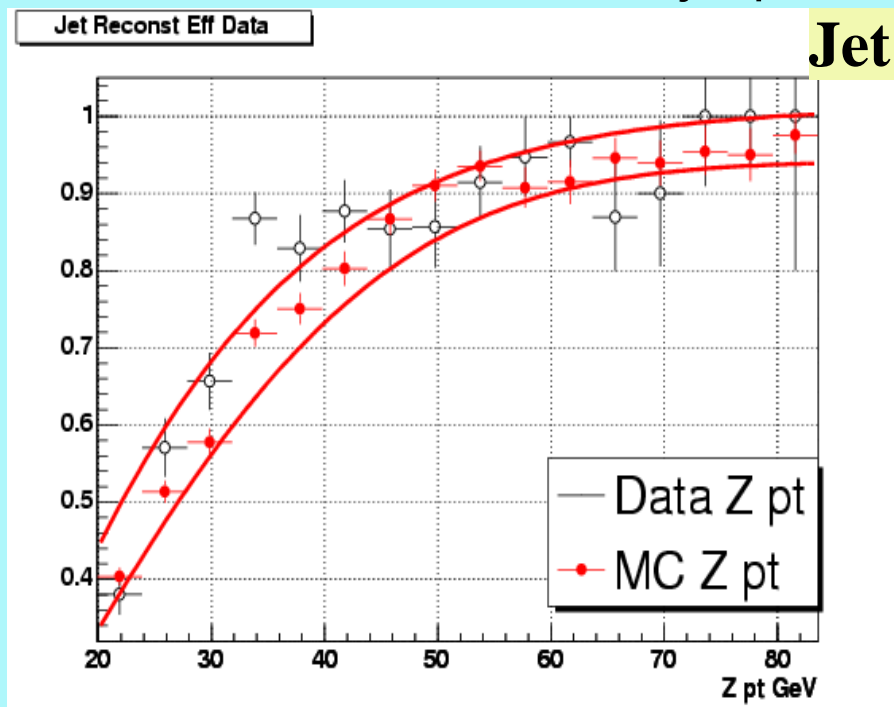


- Jet reco/ID efficiencies vs smeared particle-jet pt with errors (statistical, MET cut, event generator)
- Detailed note is in preparation

# Jet Reco/ID Correction (3)

Comparison of the probability of finding a jet recoiling against a Z vs Z Pt in data and particle level MC (PYTHIA).

- The particle jets have been smeared with the data jet energy resolutions
- The measured jet reco/id efficiency has been applied to particle jets (by dropping jets based on their Pt)
- Both data and MC have minimum jet pt of 8 GeV



**Jet Reco/Id closure test**

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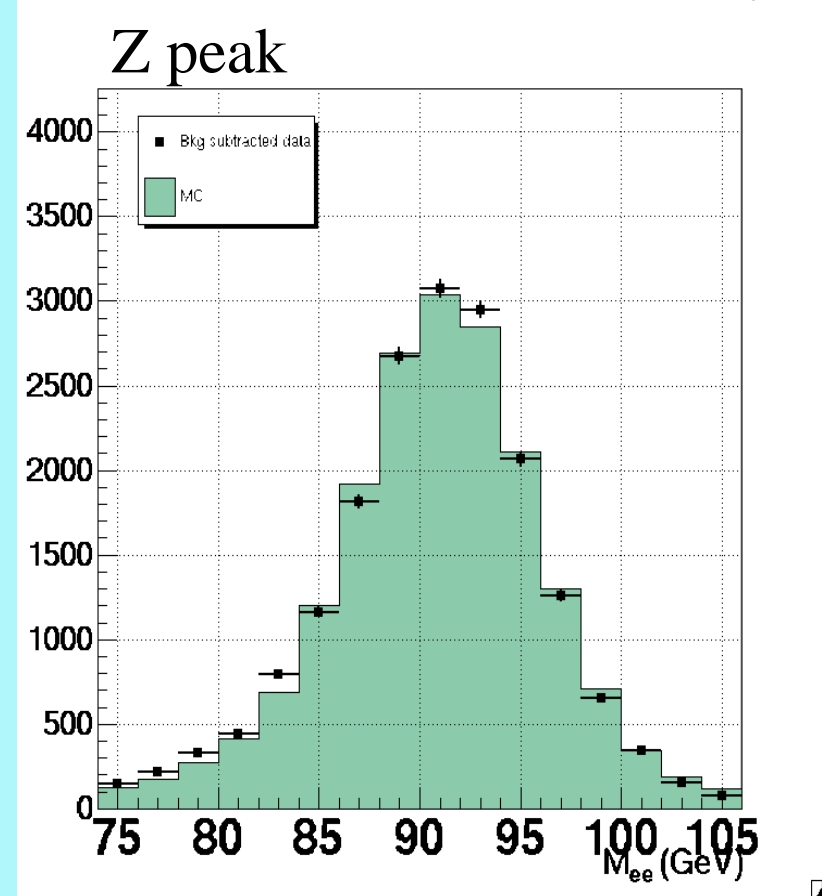
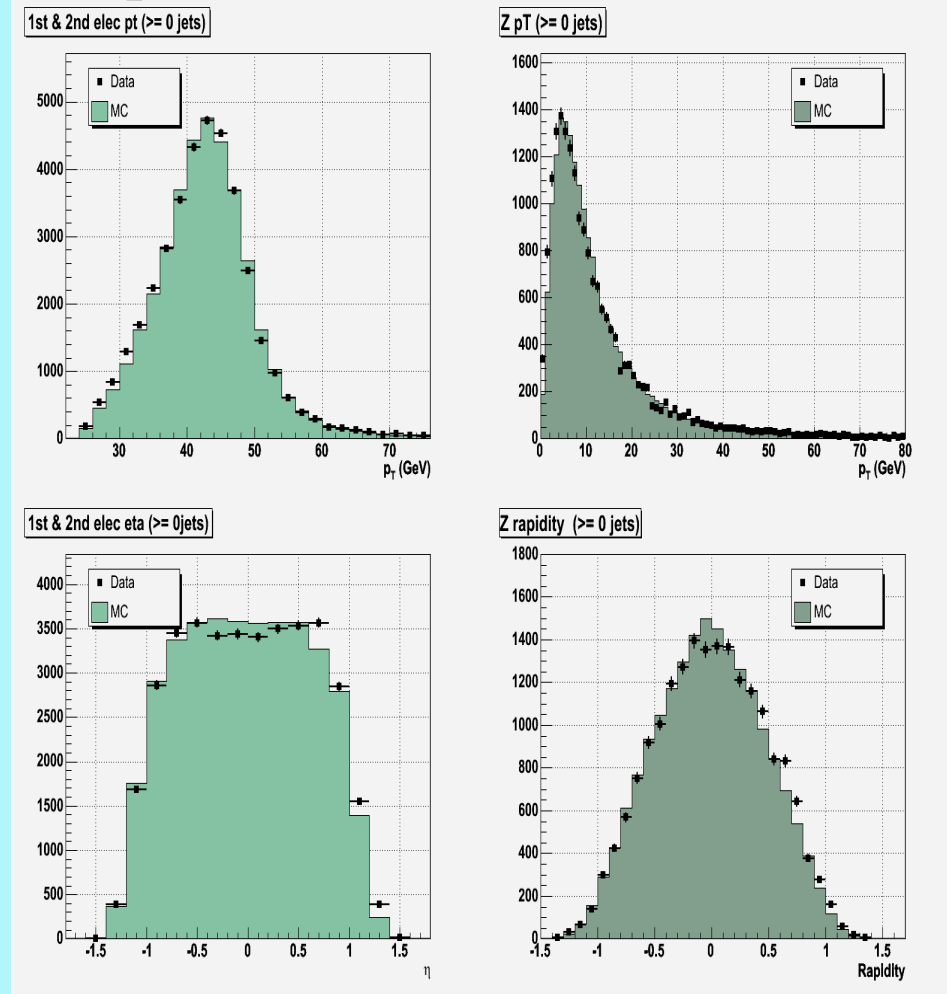
# Data vs MC

- Applying corrections: EM, Trigger, Tracking, Z pT, Jet Reco scaling
- Normalized wrt area

# Z(ee)+X: Electrons and Zs

Sample size  $\approx 14\text{k}$  events

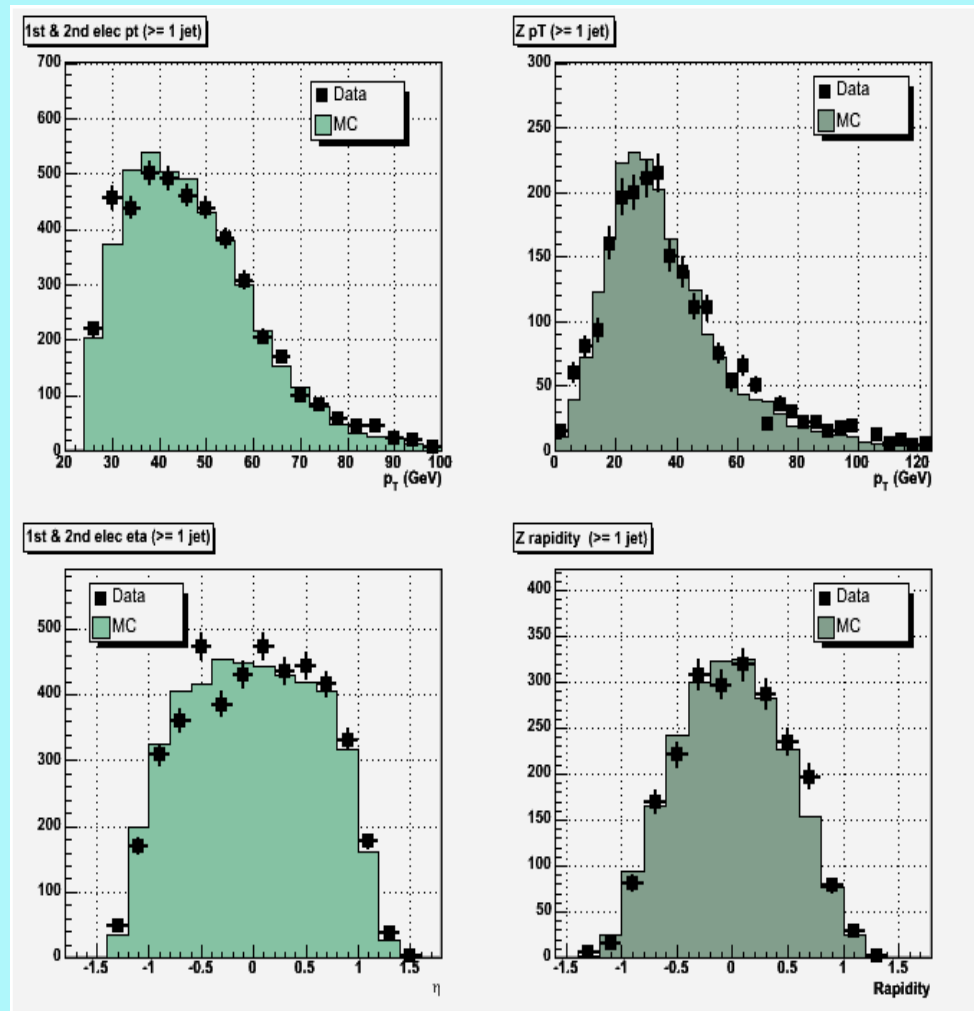
MC = Pythia



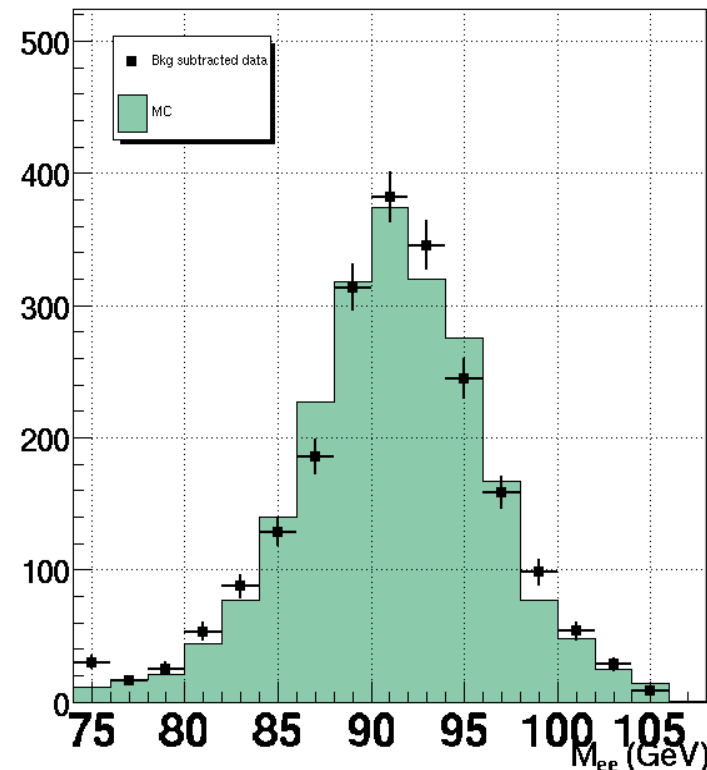
# $Z(ee) + \geq 1\text{jet}(s)$ : Electrons and Zs

Sample size  $\approx 1.6\text{k}$  events

MC = Zj Alpgen



Z peak

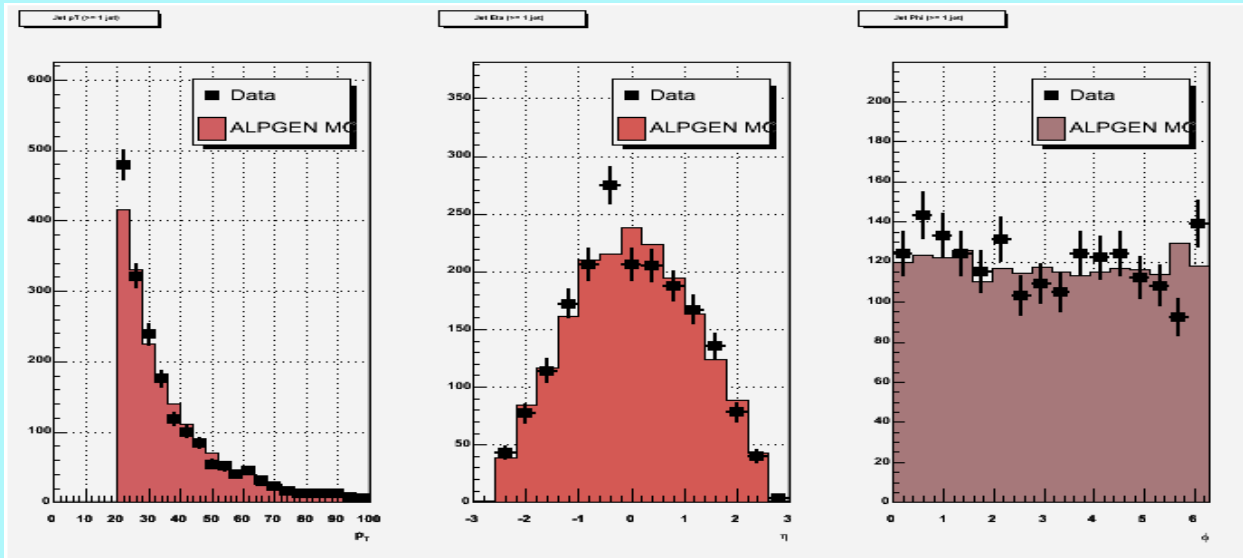


Mass = 91.40 GeV  
Width = 4.09 GeV

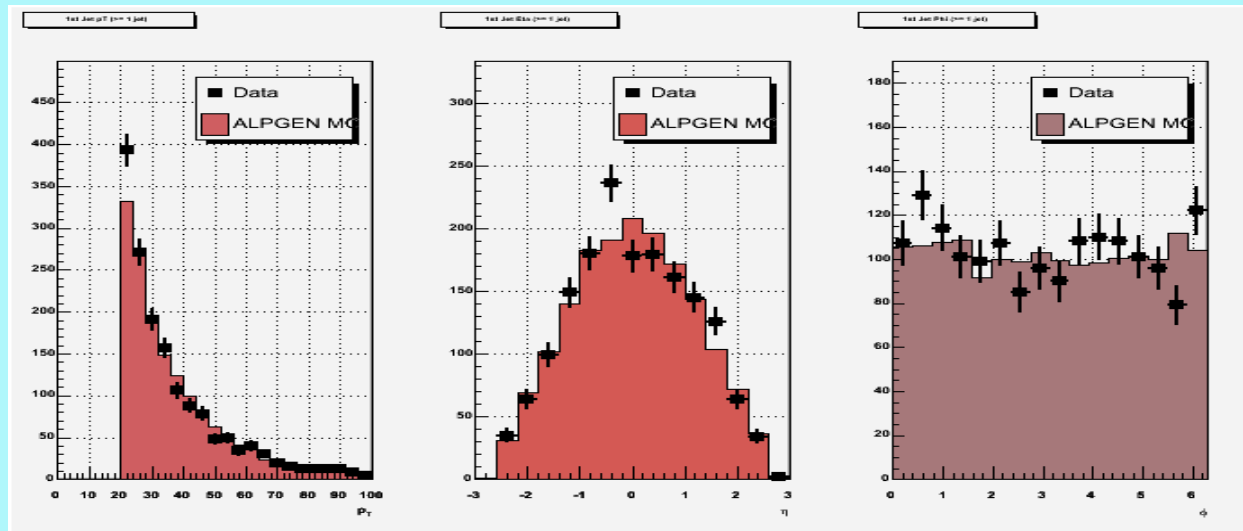


# $Z(\text{ee}) + \geq 1\text{jet}(s)$ : Jets

All Jets



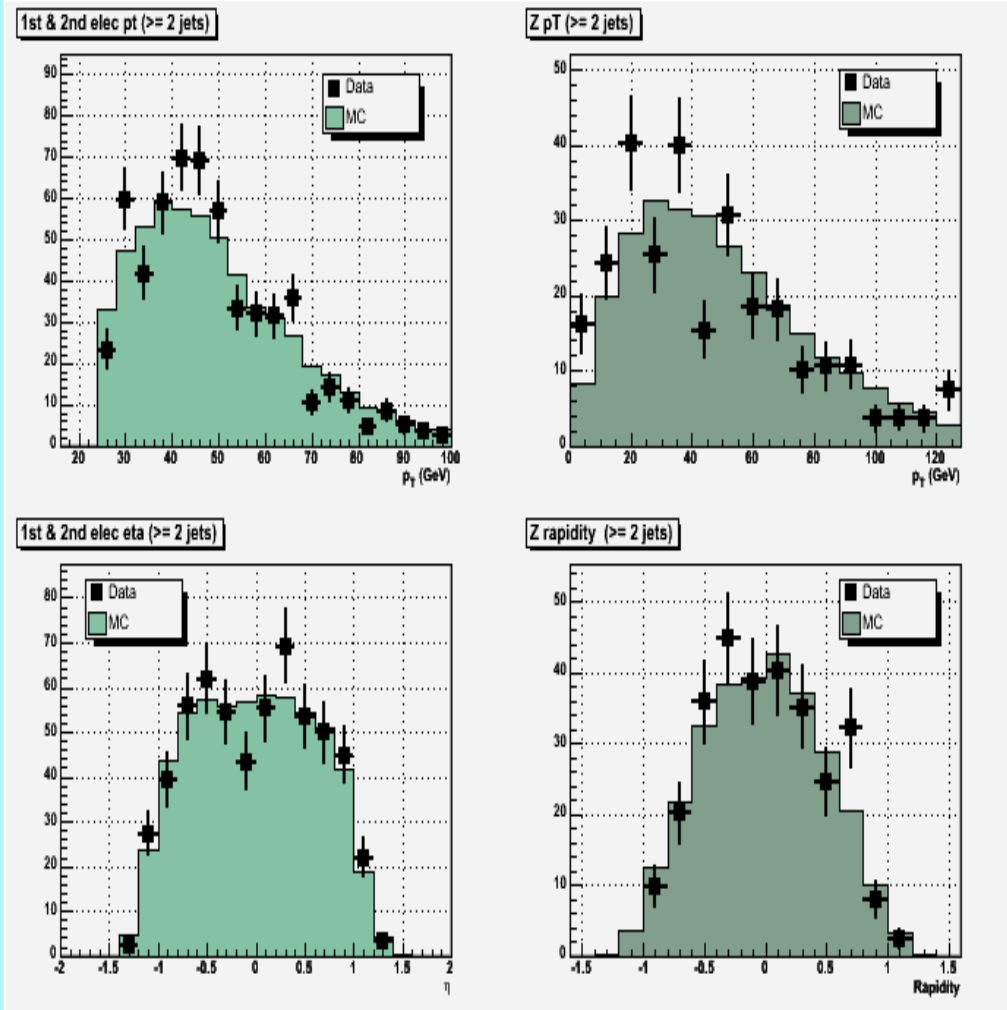
Lead  
Jet



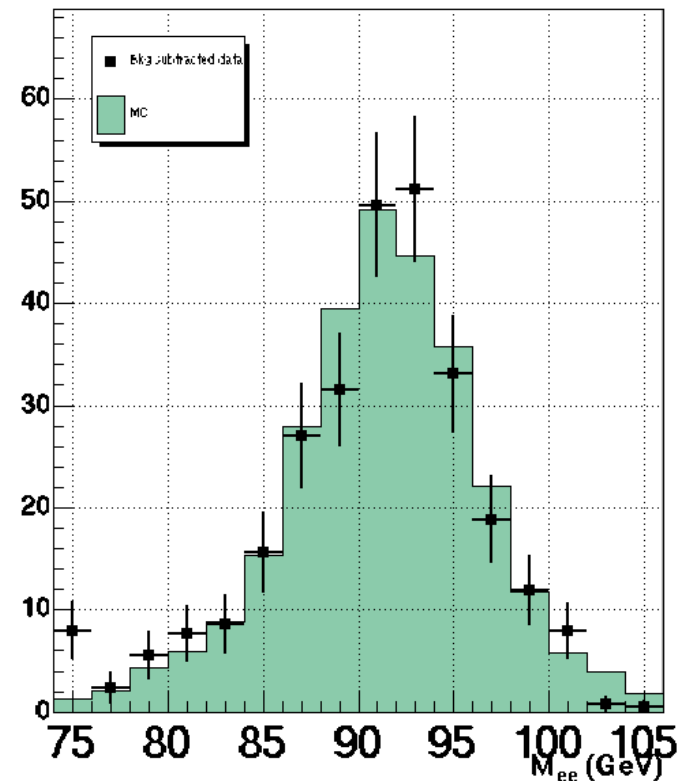
# $Z(ee) + \geq 2\text{jet}(s)$ : Electrons and Zs

Sample size  $\approx 200$  events

MC = Zjj Alpgen



Z peak



Mass = 91.47 GeV

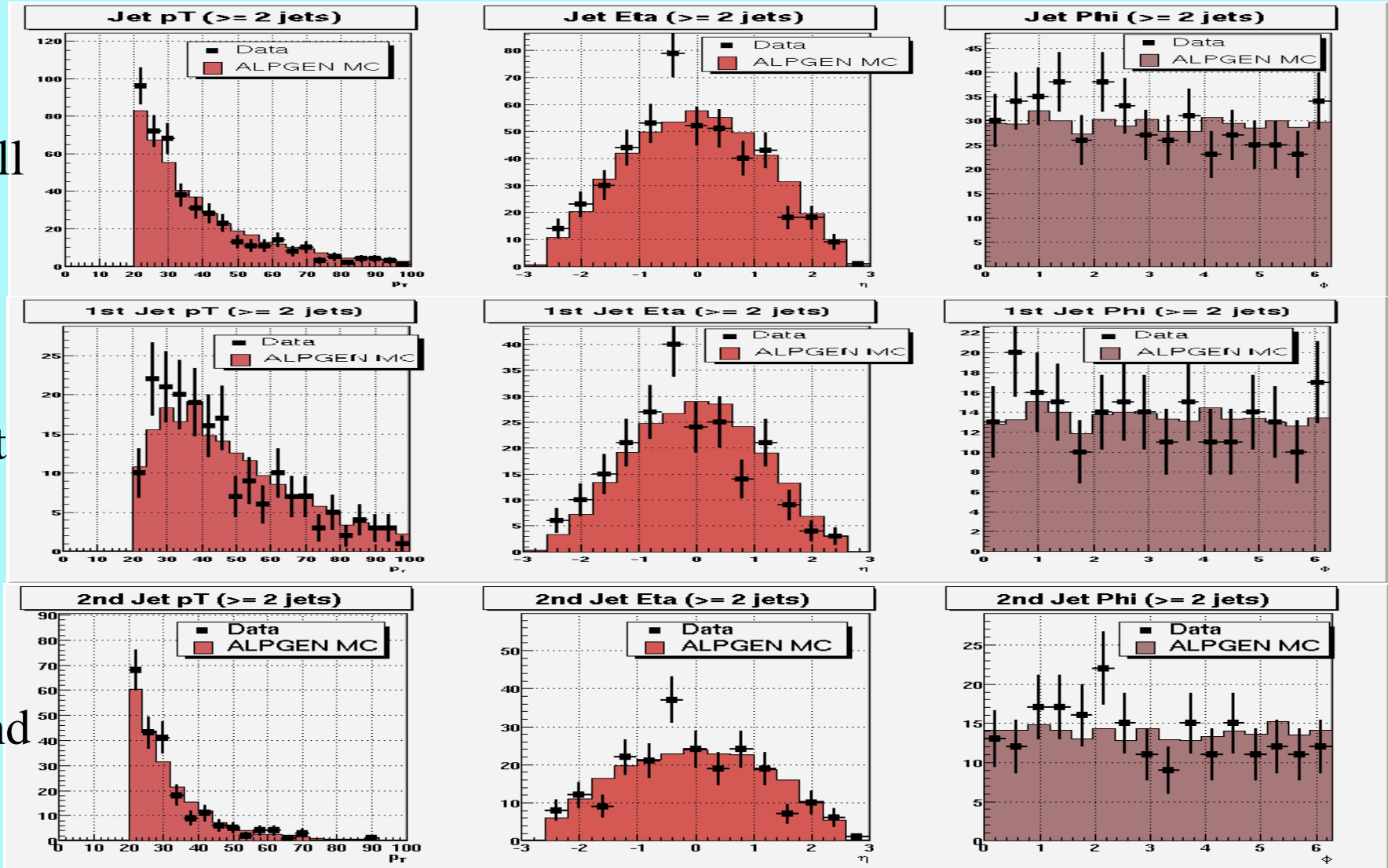
Width = 3.72 GeV

# $Z(ee) + \geq 2\text{jet}(s)$ : Jets

All

1st

2nd



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# Unsmearing

# Concept

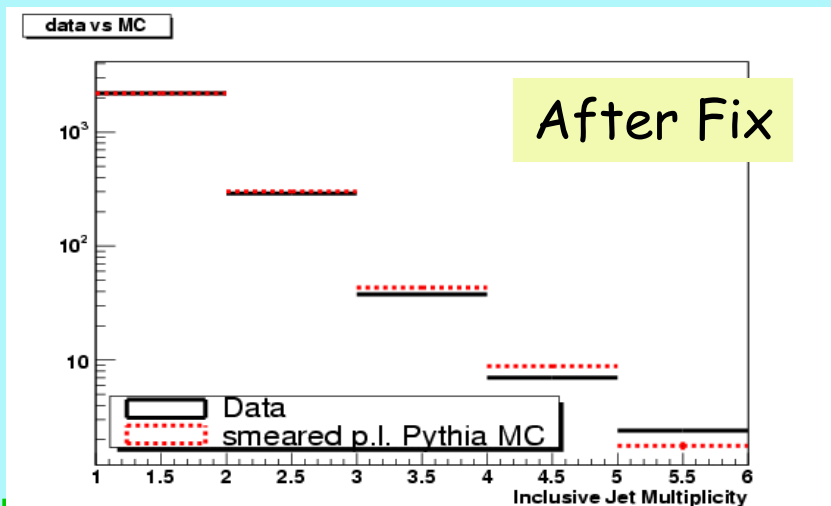
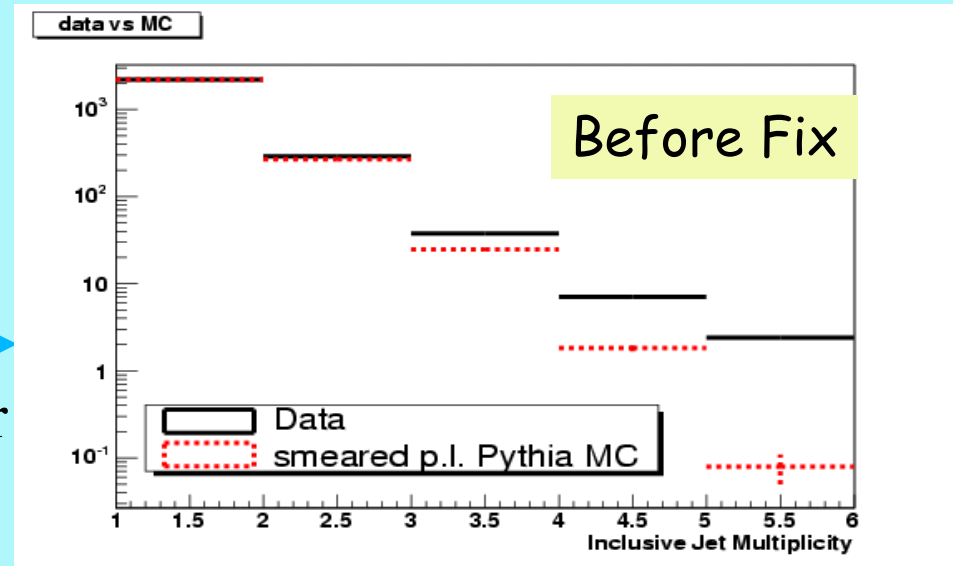
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- In order to determine particle level cross sections, we unsmear the measured data jet multiplicities
- We use a Z+j Pythia sample (2-to-2 processes) which only contains particle level jets (no detector simulation)
- To be able to compare to data we smear the jet  $p_T$  and also apply the jet reco/ID efficiencies
- In MC we ...
  - ... get the inclusive jet multiplicity histogram for particle level jets with  $p_T > 20\text{GeV}$  and  $|\eta_{\text{phys}}| < 2.5$
  - ... get the inclusive jet multiplicity histogram for particle level jets with **smear**ed  $p_T > 20\text{GeV}$  and  $|\eta_{\text{phys}}| < 2.5$  (**plus application of jet reco/ID efficiencies**)
  - ... take the ratio between the two histograms to get the unsmearing coefficients
  - ... apply the unsmearing & jet reco/ID coefficients to the measured data jet multiplicities in data to unsmear

# 'Fixing' Pythia

Comparing the inclusive jet multiplicities for the smeared+Jet reco/id p.l. MC with data, shows disagreement at higher jet multiplicities.

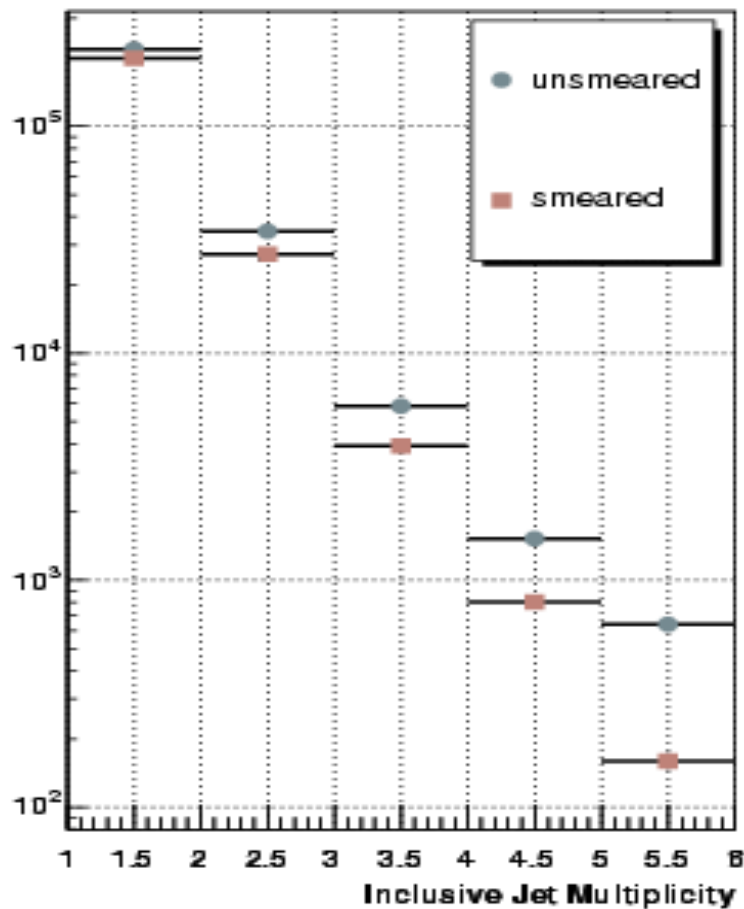
Pythia doesn't include higher order contributions at the hard scatter level.



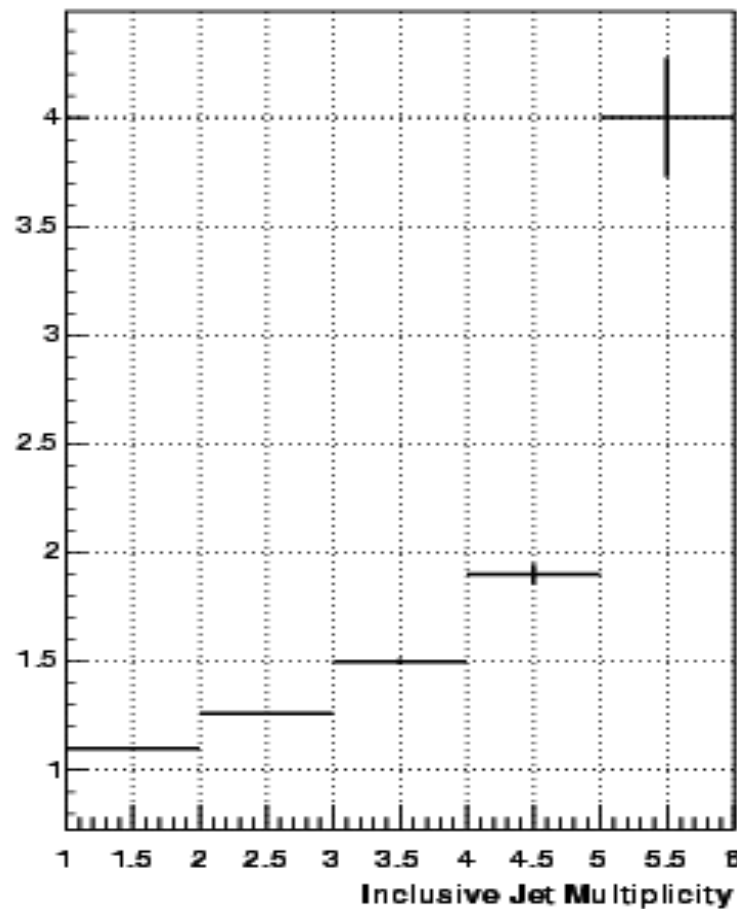
We apply the ratio between data and MC as a correction to 'fix' Pythia.

# Unsmearing Coefficients

num\_jets\_incl\_h



Unsmearing coefficients



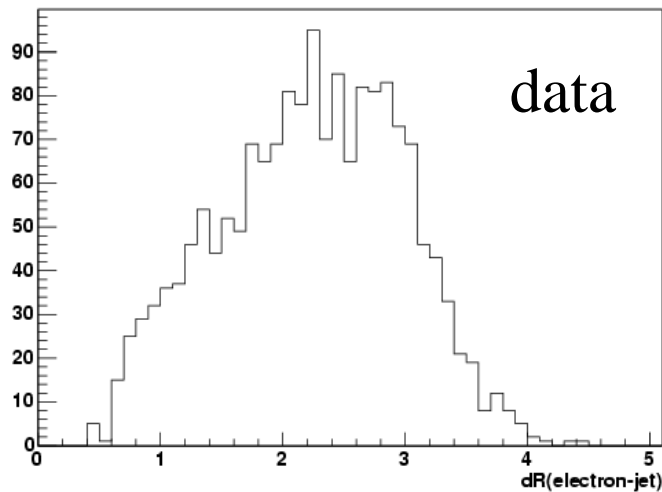
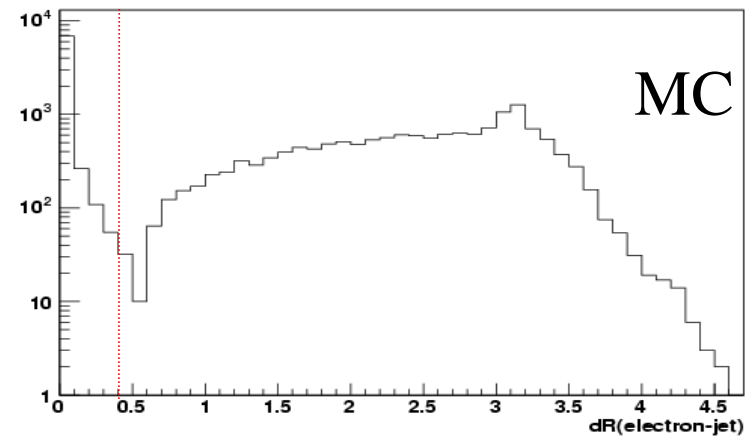
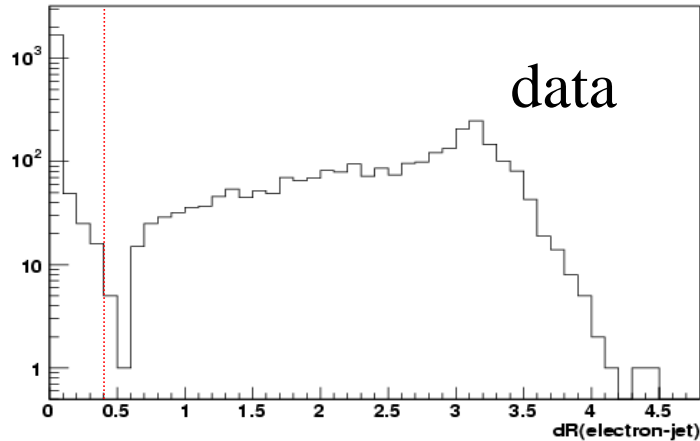
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# Electron-Jet-Overlap Correction

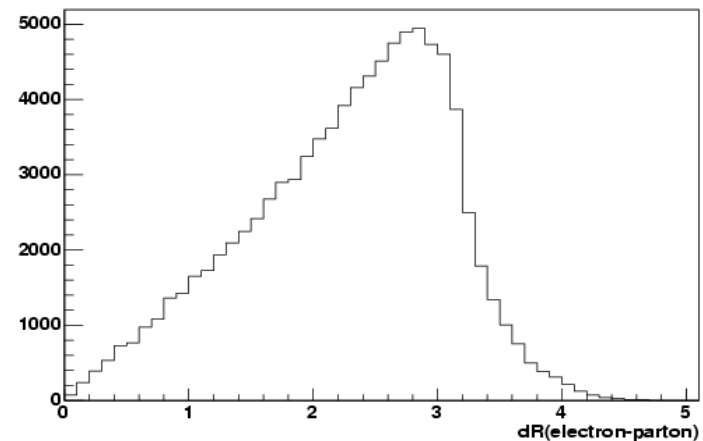


# dR(Electrons - Jets)

dR between probe-tracks and good jets w/o elec-jet-overlap cut:



with elec-jet-overlap cut



dR between generated elecs and partons

# Correction Factors

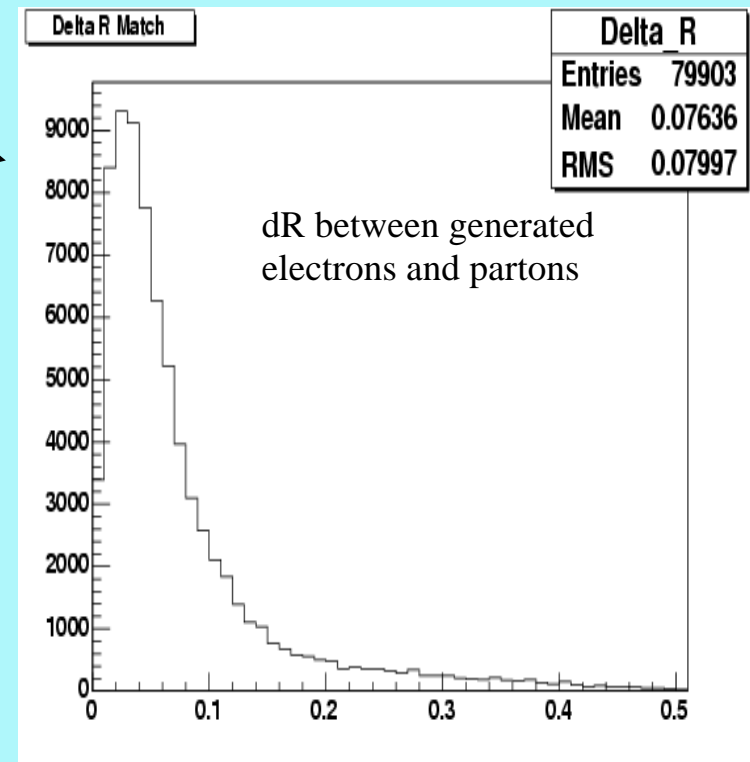
- We correct for real jets that are removed by elec-jet-overlap cut:

Incl. parton multipl. for all partons

Inlc. Parton multipl. for partons outside of dR cone

- We derive corrections using  $dR=0.4$  and  $dR=0.7$  and take the middle value (position resolution)

Jet Mult	Coefficient
1	$1.059 \pm 0.028$
2	$1.075 \pm 0.041$
3	$1.092 \pm 0.054$
4	$1.109 \pm 0.067$
5	$1.125 \pm 0.077$

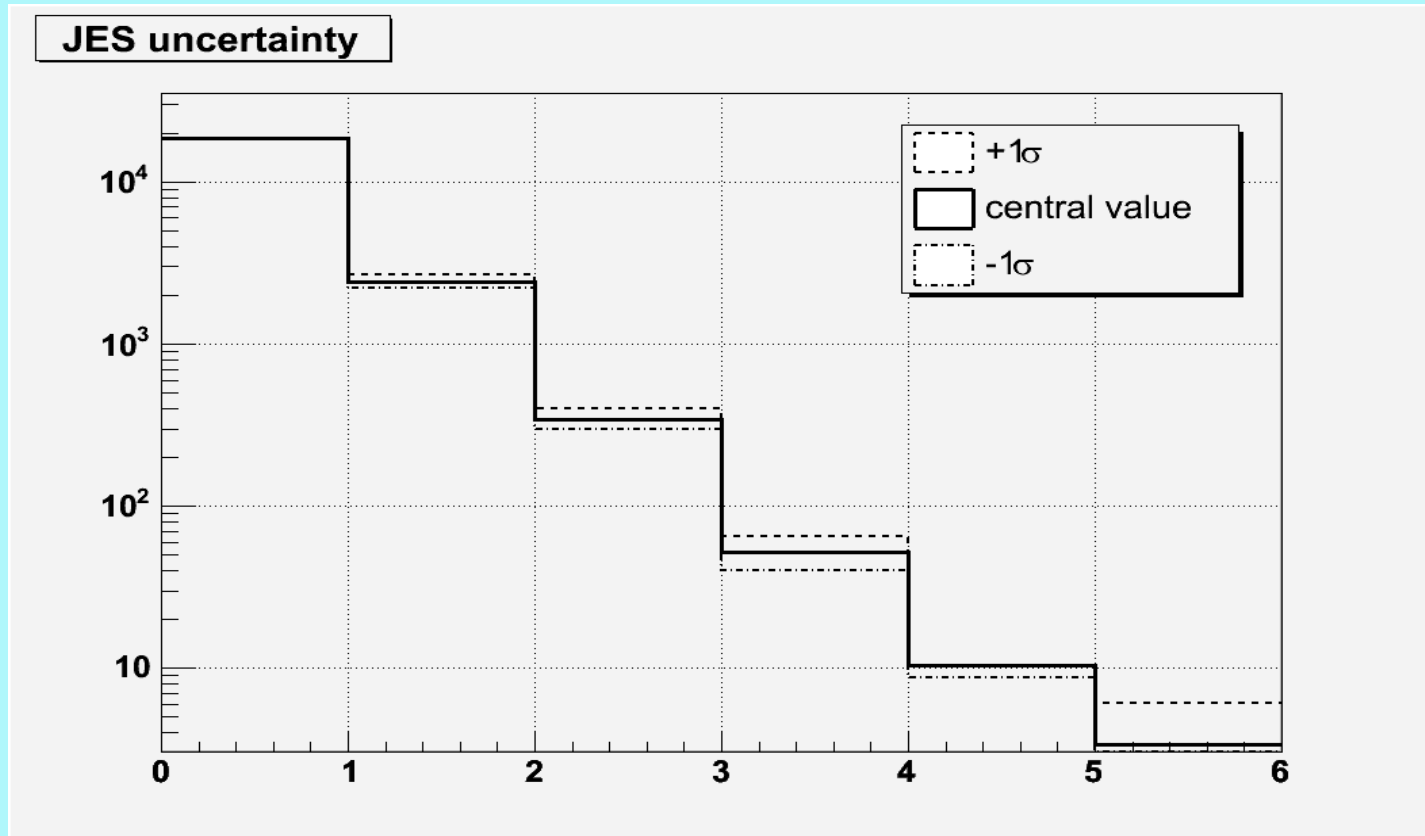


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# Systematics

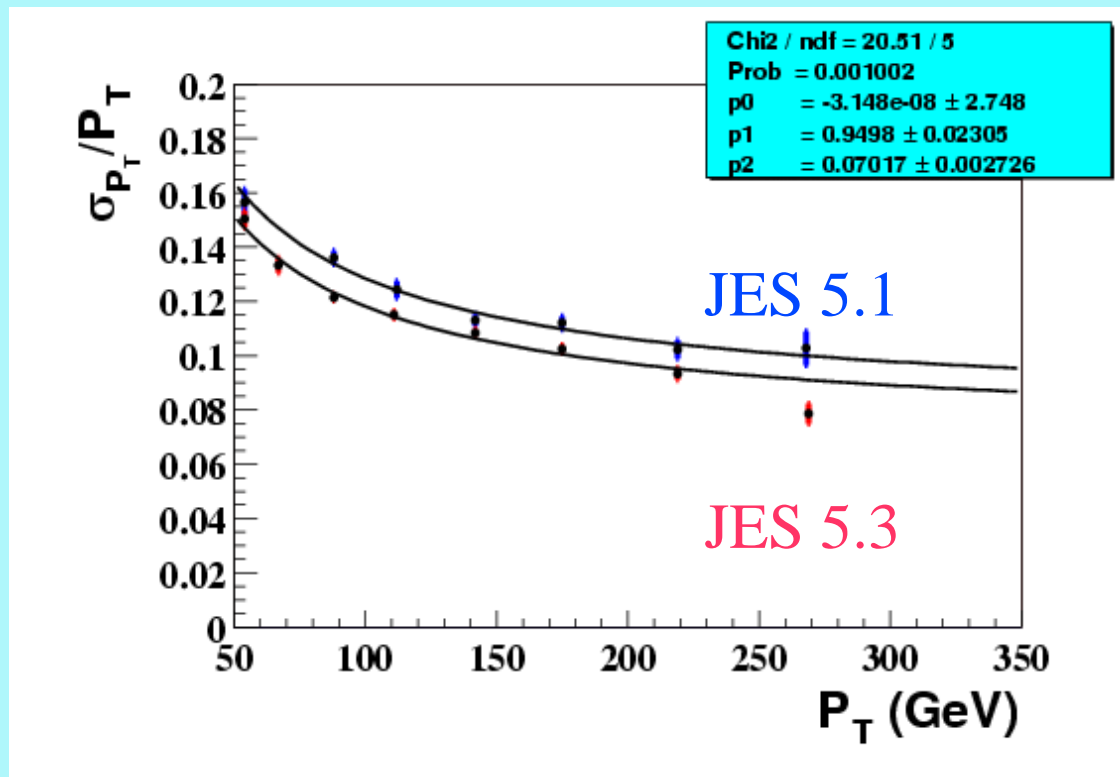
# JES Systematic Error

- We vary the JES (5.3) by  $\pm 1\sigma$ :  
corrected jet pT = uncorrected jet pT  $\times$  (JES correction  $\pm$  JES error)



# Syst. Error of Cross Section Unfolding

- Jet reco/ID errors: statistics, MET (see previous slides)
- Jet resolution: need to account for the difference between JES 5.0 and JES 5.3



Difference is 5% over the whole range.  
We assign 10%.

# Other systematics

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- Electron-Jet-Overlap: Error = difference between the middle value and the  $dR=0.4(0.7)$  values
- Efficiencies: systematics are estimated using the **event based** efficiencies for trigger, EMreco/ID, and EM-Track efficiencies (systematics quoted in chapters 5.1.1-5.1.3)

# Jet Promotion study

- Jet Promotion = gaining additional jets from multiple interactions within the same beam crossing
- We compare jet multiplicities for events that have exactly one reco'd P.V. with events that have at least two reco'd P.V.'s

Jet Multiplicity	1 P.V.	$\geq 2$ P.V.
0	5,900	5,900
1	705	696
2	92	97
3	11	16
4	3	1
5	1	1

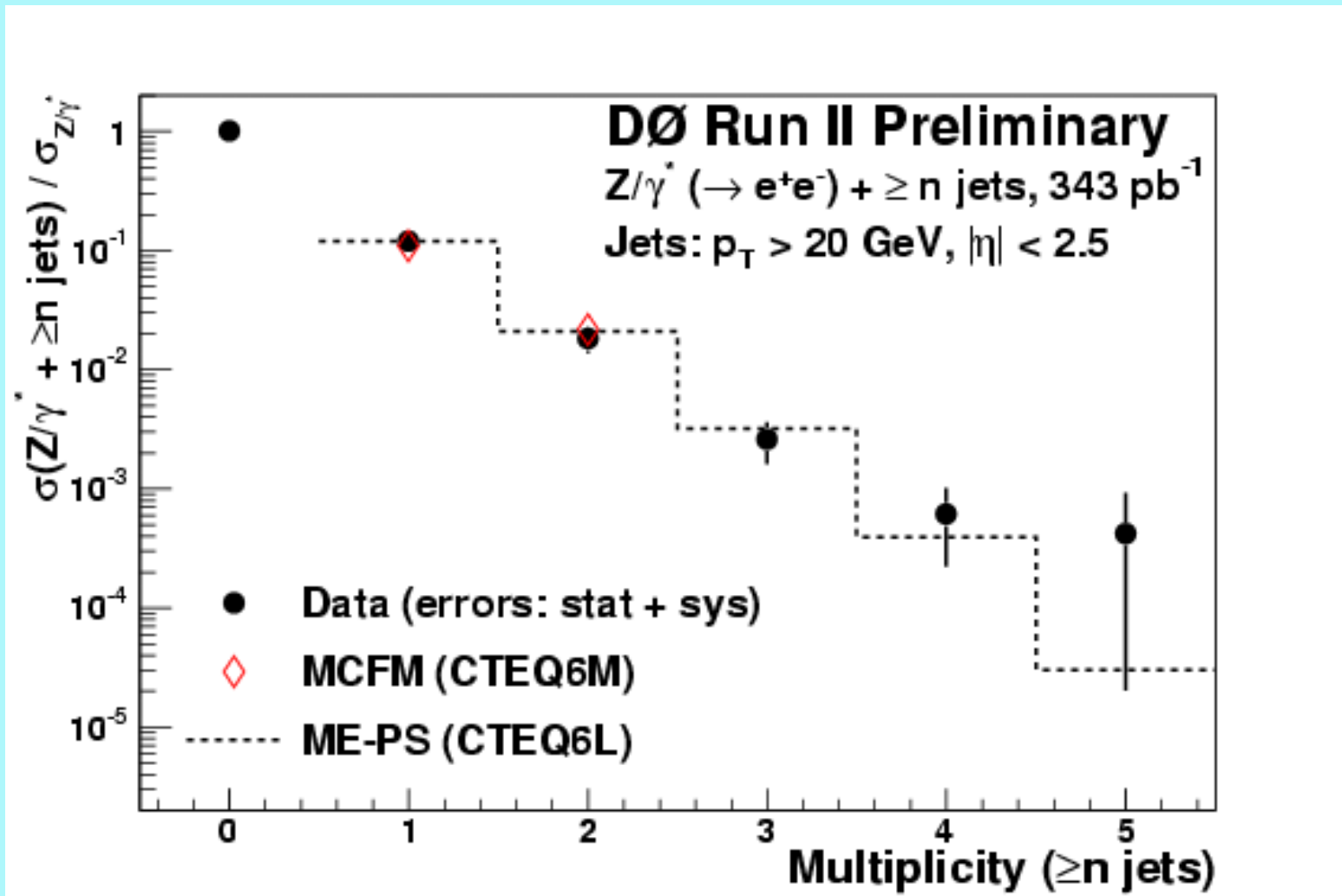
- Jet promotion effect is small since the discrepancy between the two samples is within statistical errors

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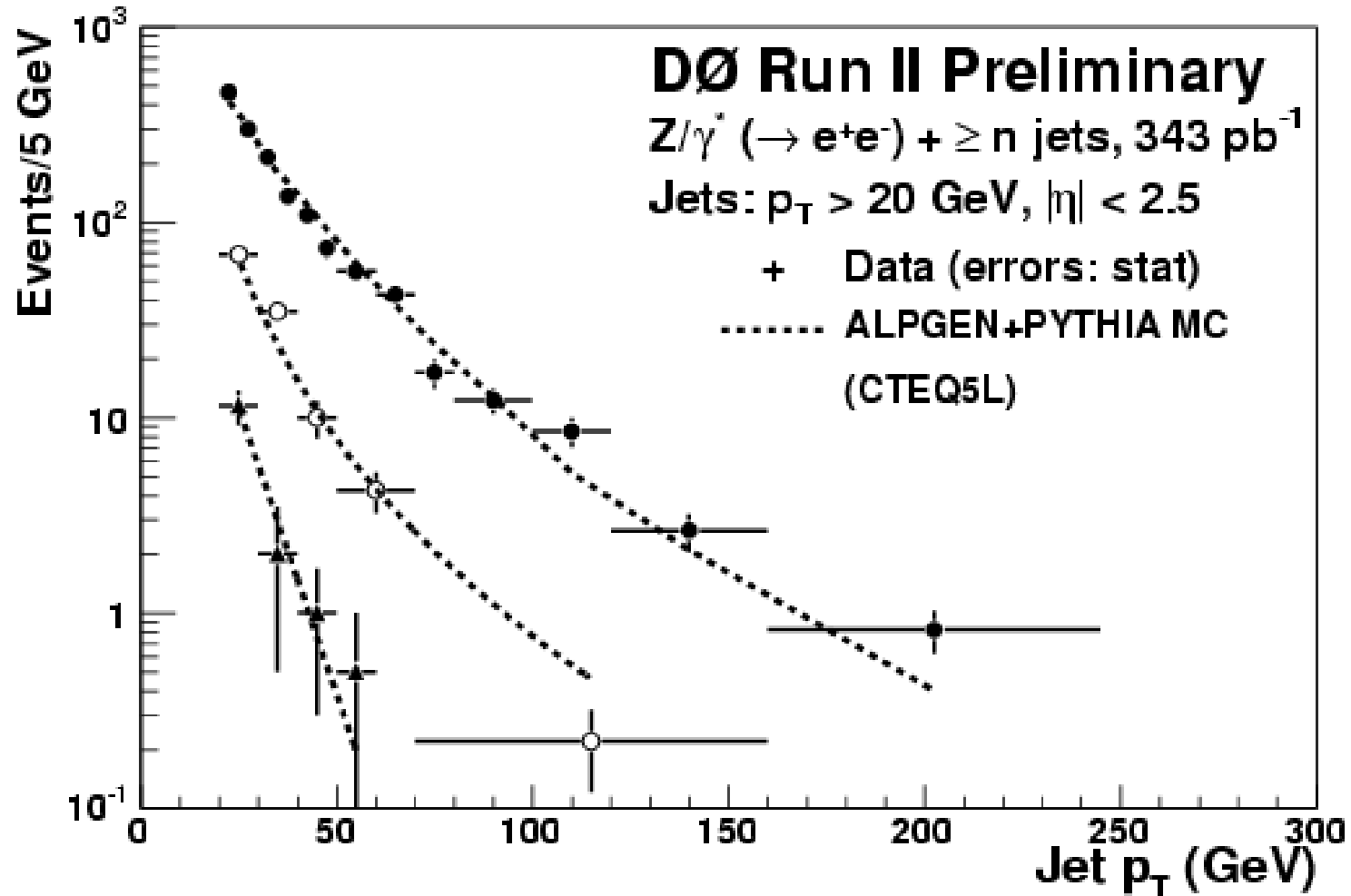
# $Z(ee) + \geq n$ Jet cross sections



# Cross Section Ratios



# Jet $P_T$ Spectra



# To Do List for Publication

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- Use DØ's final Z inclusive measurement
- Study physics backgrounds
- Finalize the Jet Reco/Id Efficiency + Errors + Note
- Generate a large ME-PS sample (MADGRAPH up to 5 jets) at particle and detector level
- Use ME-PS sample for unsmearing
- Add JES error error band to Jet Pt spectra
- Complete/fine tune the systematic uncertainties
- Calculate ratios  $Z+\geq n_{\text{jet}} / Z+\geq (n-1)_{\text{jet}}$ 
  - Extract  $\alpha_s$  (if time permits)?
- Quantify the comparison of Data-Theory/Theory